

BUREAU OF EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS





PV System Integration and Monitoring in Buildings

Manef BOUROGAOUI

Fulbright Visiting Scholar







Arlington, VA, USA, November 16 - 2020

About Me

Country geographic position

















Education and Appointments











Education and Appointments



Université de Carthage

My research team in Tunisia



Current Projects

- > Impact of rooftop PV system integration on Tunisian electrical distribution network
- > Development of smart e-monitoring system of PV energy generators with high marketability
- > A Platform for investigation and integration of new energy technologies into an electrical distribution network











http://www.lse-qehna.tn/en/home/































My fellowship program

Summary

Project title:

PV system integration and monitoring in buildings

Project started in January 01-2020 for one year.

Host Institution:

Advanced Research Institute

Advisor:

Professor Saifur Rahman















About Fulbright



About...





1946: Created by U.S. CongressOver 8,000 grantees from 155 countries annually

•Administered overseas by binational Fulbright Commissions and U.S. Embassies

FULBRIGHT - Visiting Scholar Program

Tunisian Fulbright Scholars in the U.S.



Goal

To increase **mutual understanding** between people of the U.S. and people of other countries through exchange

For more information, visit:

http://eca.state.gov/fulbright

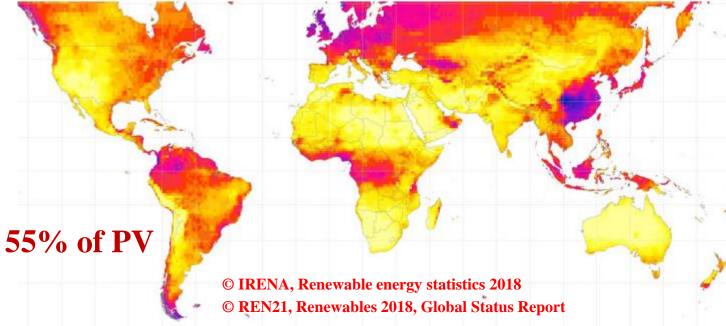








Photovoltaic energy consumption in the world





- ➤The photovoltaic solar market grew by 25% between 2014 and 2015, reaching a power record level of 50GW.
- ➢ In 2015, the annual market was ten times higher than the total produced energy through the last ten years.
- Solar PV accounted for nearly 55% of newly installed renewable power capacity in 2017.

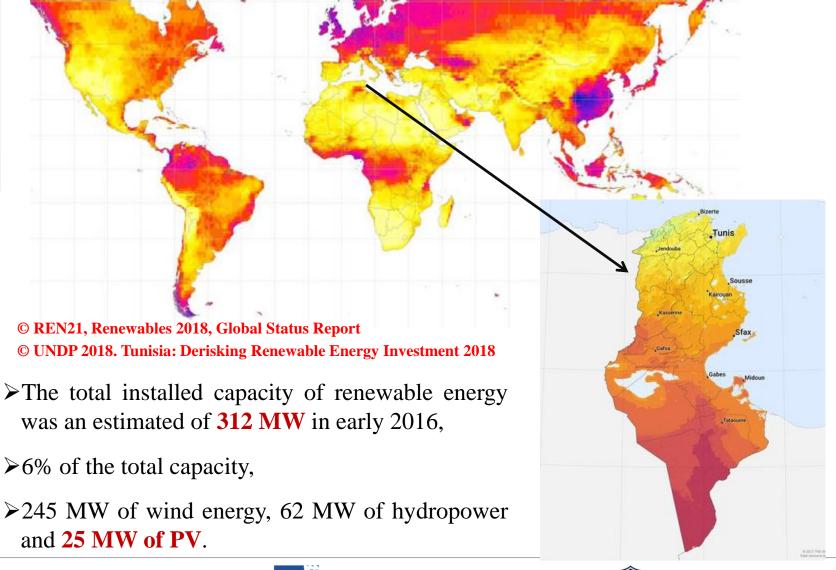








Tunisia case: Actual installed renewable energy



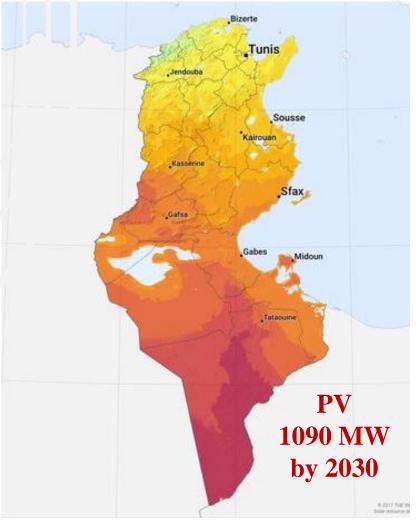








Tunisia case : Targets



Total utility-scale electricity generating capacity by 2030

10.9 GW

Renewables Capacity by 2030

3725 MW - 30%

Solar Photovoltaic Capacity by 2030

1090 MW - 10%

25 MW in 2016 → 1090 MW by 2030

Tunisian Solar Plan (TSP)

© REN21, Renewables 2018, Global Status Report

© UNDP 2018. Tunisia: Derisking Renewable Energy Investment 2018



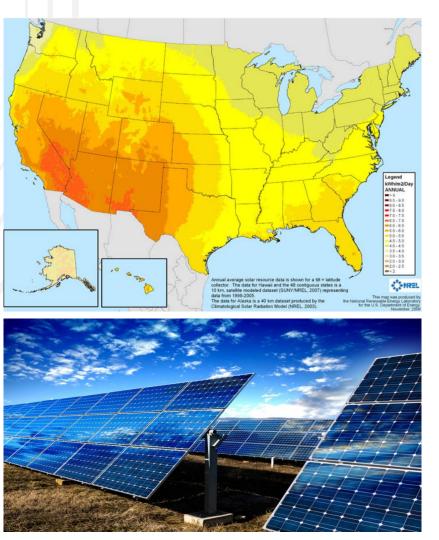






State

USA case



https://www.globaldata.com/renewables-to-represent-30-of-us-total-installed-capacity-by-2030/









Total utility-scale electricity generating capacity by 2030

1476 GW

Renewables Capacity by 2030

442.8 GW - 30%

Solar Photovoltaic Capacity by 2030 220 GW - 10%

75.3 GW in 2018 → 220 GW by 2030

US SunShot Initiative





- Emerging Issues and Challenges in Integrating High Levels of Solar into the Electrical Generation and Transmission System
- > The characteristics of PV-generated electricity, including:
 - Variability: PV output can vary as underlying resource fluctuates
 - Uncertainty: PV output cannot be predicted with perfect accuracy
 - Nonsynchronous generation: PV does not currently help maintain system frequency

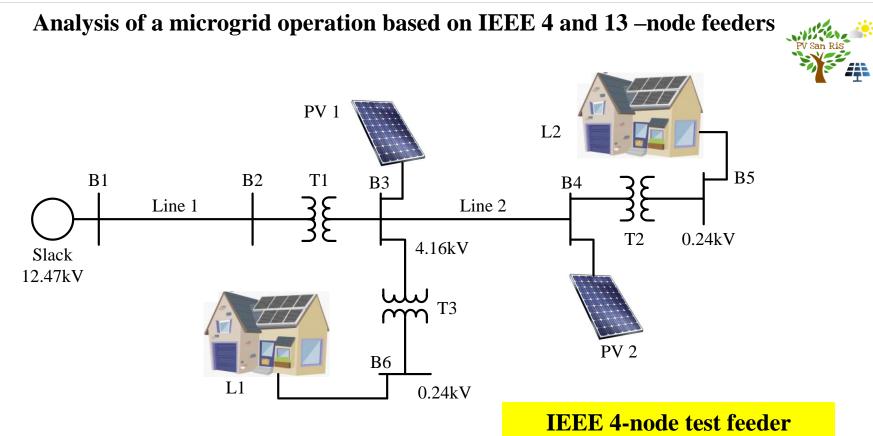
Technical solutions for an holistic energy integration into the grid ??











First configuration: Original feeder

Second configuration: IEEE 4 node with PV



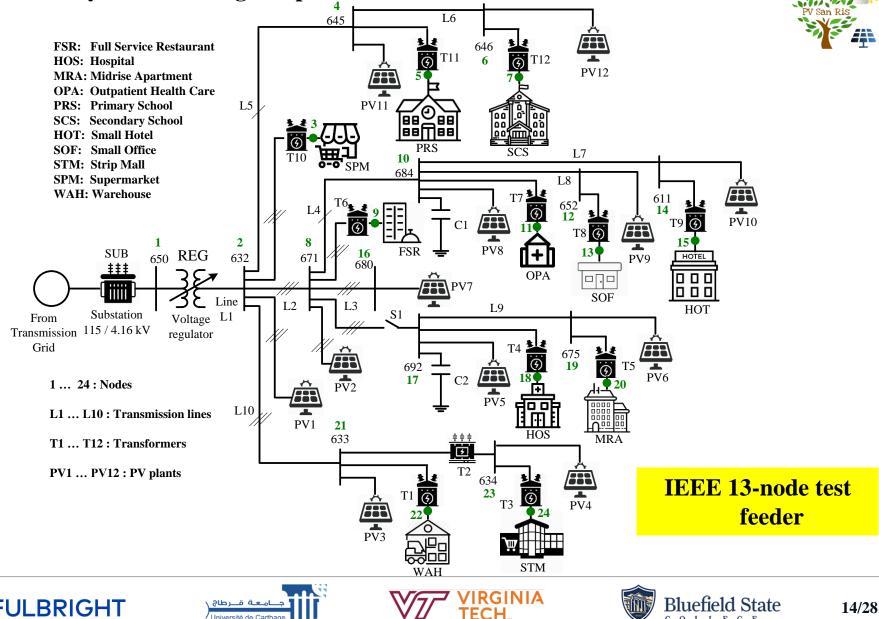






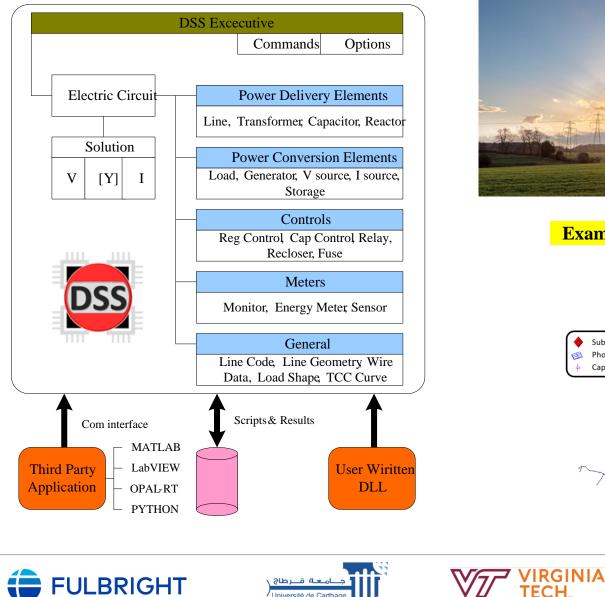
tate

Analysis of a microgrid operation based on IEEE 4 and 13 – node feeders



Université de Cart

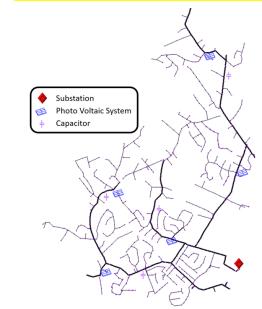
OpenDSS Software



Université de Carthag



Example of an electric Network





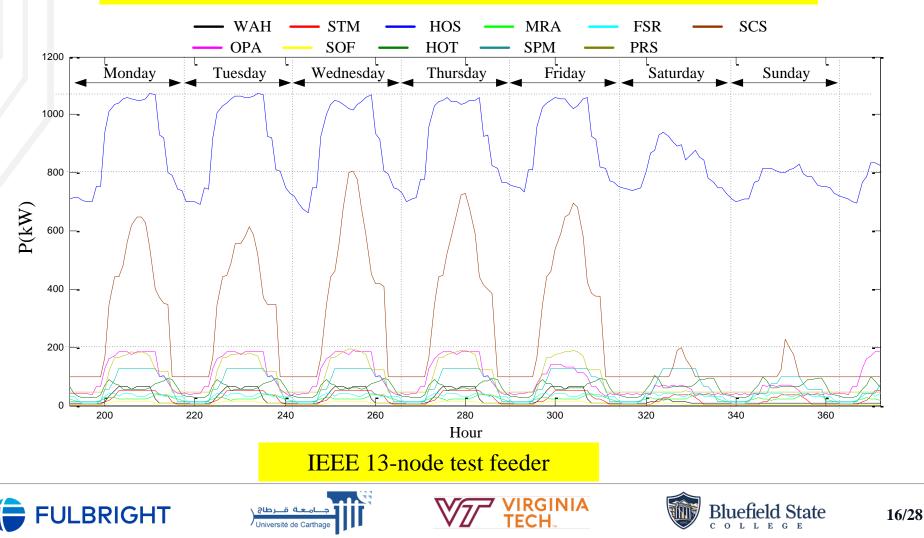


Bluefield State

Forecasting of loads and presenting statistics about loads consumption for the proposed feeder



Real power hourly consumption during a week in January for each building



Forecasting of loads and presenting statistics about loads consumption for the proposed feeders



Annual MW consumption order of the different loads in each building

Building	1	2	3	4
FSR	Interior equipments	Interior lights	Fans	Cooling
HOS	Cooling	Interior equipments	Interior lights	Fans
MRA	Interior equipments	Interior lights	Cooling	Fans
OPA	Interior equipments	Cooling	Fans	Interior lights
PRS	Interior lights	Interior equipments	Cooling	Fans
SCS	Cooling	Interior lights	Interior equipments	Fans
НОТ	Interior equipments	Interior lights	Cooling	Fans
SOF	Interior equipments	Interior lights	Fans	Cooling
STM	Interior lights	Interior equipments	Fans	Cooling
SPM	Interior lights	Interior equipments	Fans	Cooling
WAH	Interior equipments	Interior lights	Fans	Cooling

IEEE 13-node test feeder





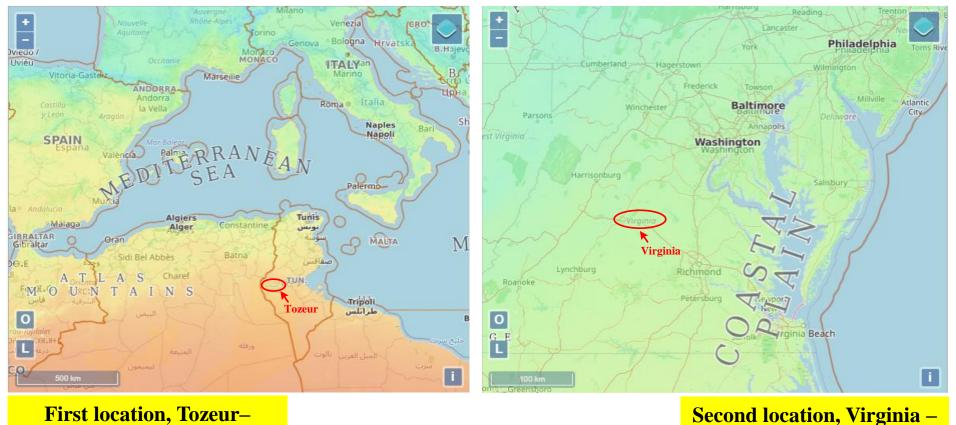




State

Implementation of a model of PV cell temperature to estimate the practical operating of the cell taking into account real weather conditions





Source: Photovoltaic Geographical Information System (PVGIS)



Tunisia (source – PVGIS)



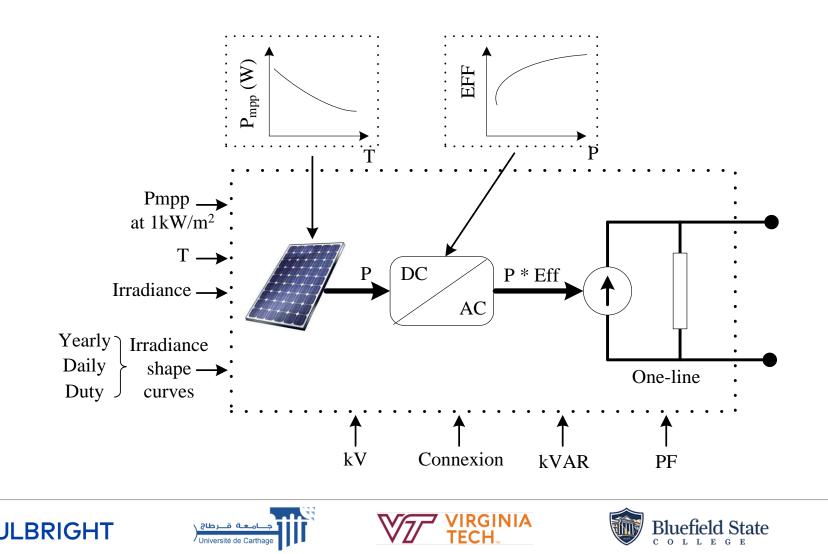


USA (source – PVGIS)

Implementation of a model of PV cell temperature to estimate the practical operating of the cell taking into account real weather conditions.



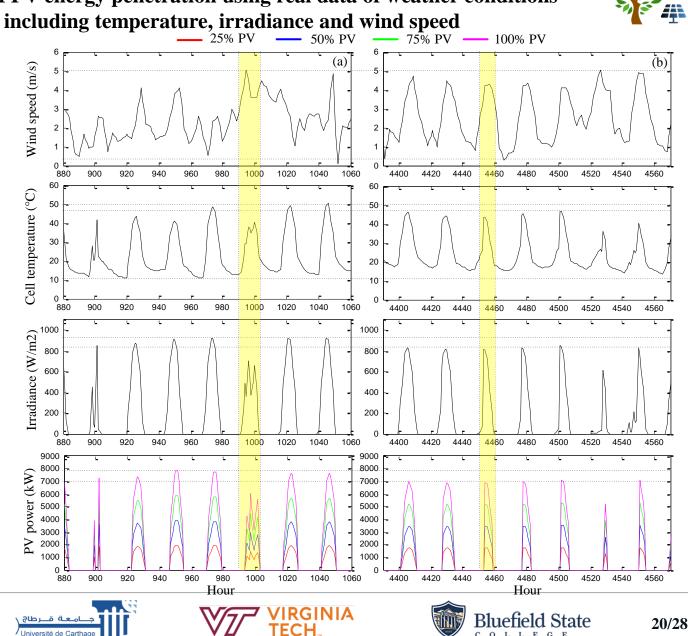
Block Diagram of the PV system element model in OpenDSS



Assessment of PV energy penetration using real data of weather conditions

Influence of the weather conditions on the PV power generation, (a) a week in February, (b) a week in June

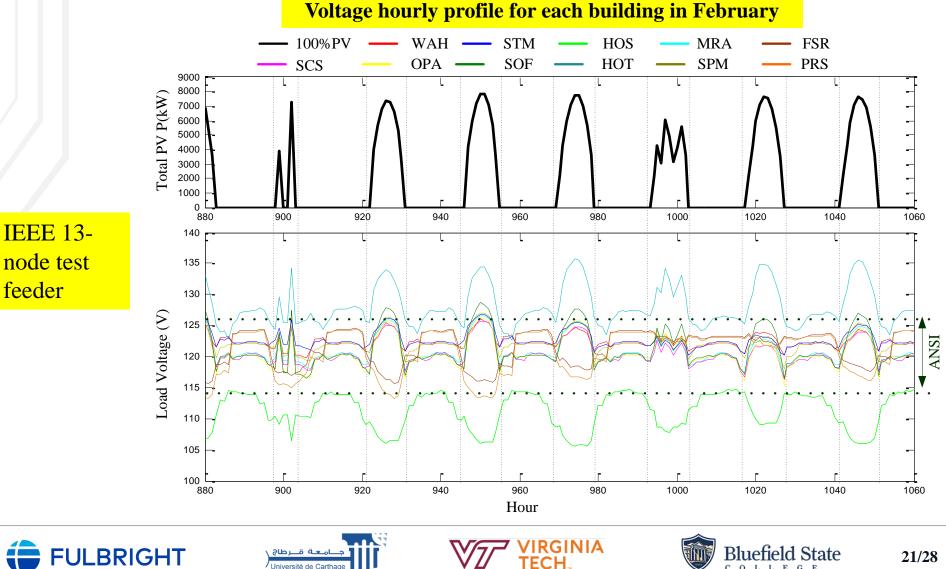
IEEE 13-node test feeder





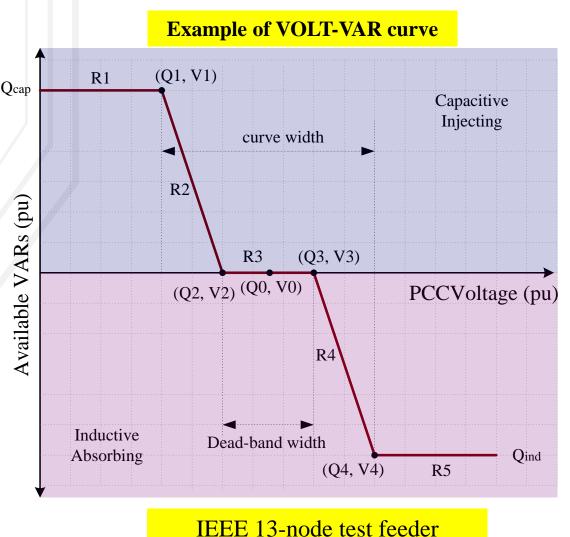
Assessment of PV energy penetration using real data of weather conditions including temperature, irradiance and wind speed





Microgrid control using VOLT-VAR technique to mitigate the impact of PV energy penetration





The VOLT-VAR curve main objective is to maintain the voltage at the PCC within **ANSI limits** (0.95-1.05pu) despite the different existing circumstances during the grid operation.

When the voltage value exceeds an upper value limit as defined in the curve, reactive power (inductive vars) absorption is performed.

Otherwise, if the voltage drops to a value less than a lower limit, capacitive vars can be delivered to the grid to push up again the voltage to its acceptable levels.





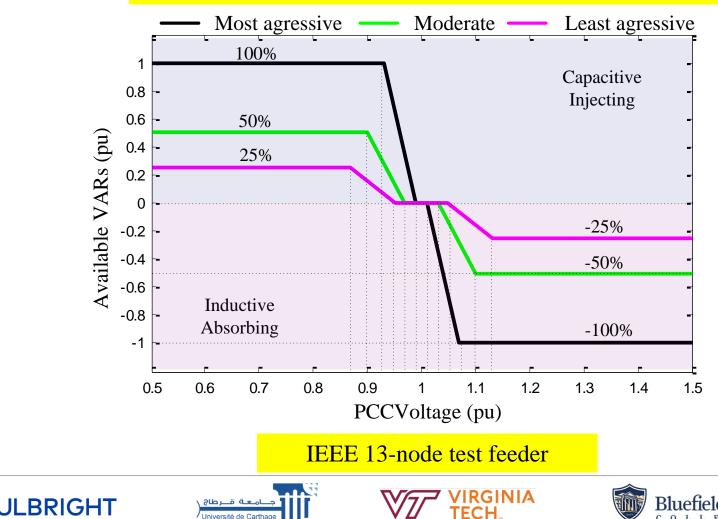




Microgrid control using VOLT-VAR technique to mitigate the impact of PV energy penetration



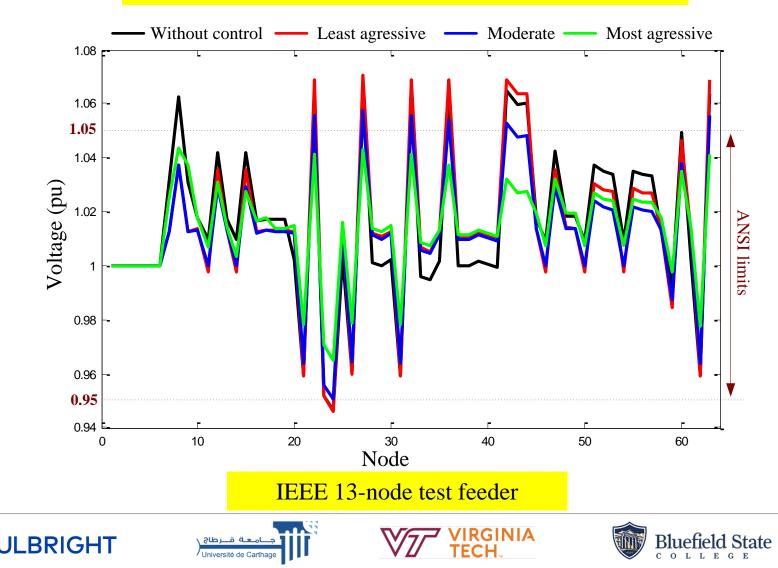
Proposed VOLT-VAR curves based on real solar inverters data of different companies like SMA, ABB and Schneider



State

Microgrid control using VOLT-VAR technique to mitigate the impact of PV energy penetration

Nodes pu voltages without and with reactive power control

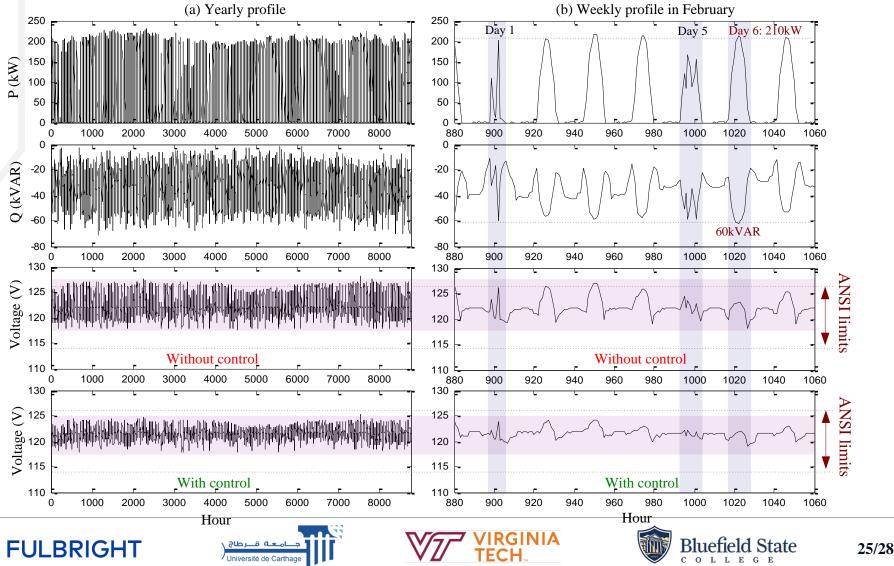




Microgrid control using VOLT-VAR technique to mitigate the impact of PV energy penetration

One-phase PCC voltage, real and reactive power output for PV Number 4



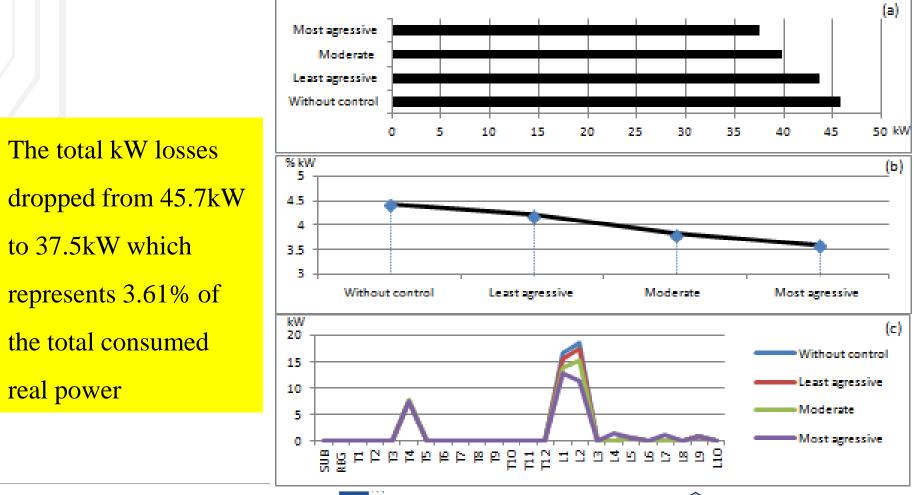


Microgrid control using VOLT-VAR technique to mitigate the impact of PV energy penetration

PV San Ris

26/28

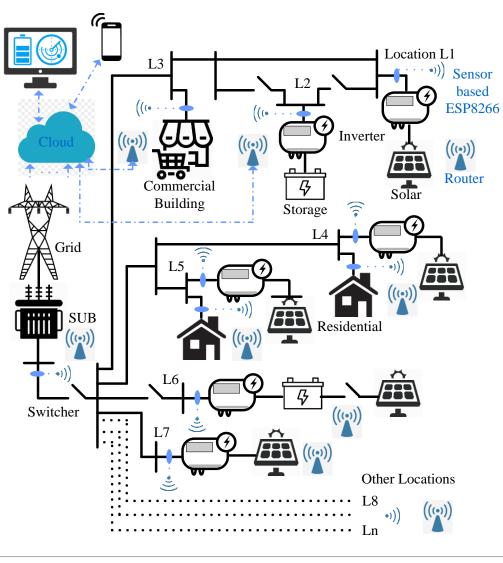
kW losses without and with control, (a) MG total losses, (b) percentage of total losses, (c) losses per power delivery element





Université de Carthag

An Internet of Things application for Monitoring and Control in Electrical Systems



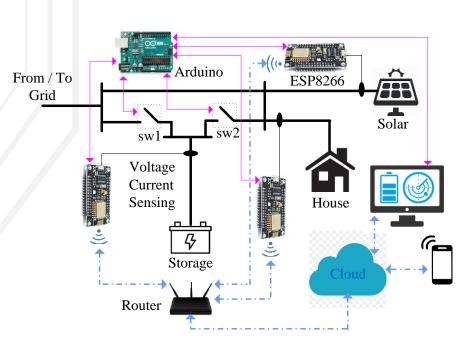


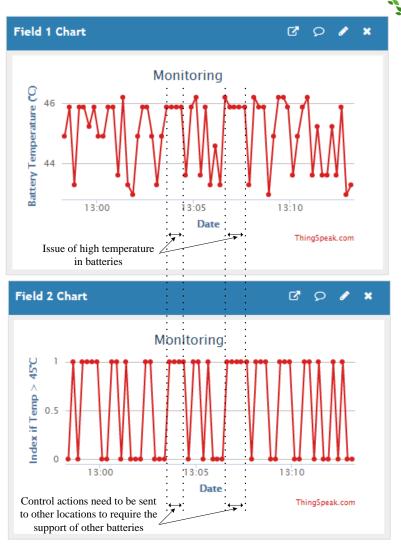






An Internet of Things application for Monitoring and Control in Electrical Systems















BUREAU OF EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS





PV System Integration and Monitoring in Buildings

Manef BOUROGAOUI

Fulbright Visiting Scholar







Arlington, VA, USA, November 16 - 2020